

STUDY GUIDE

COURSE #P5022 SANITATION AND STERILIZATION: UPDATE FOR WEST VIRGINIA

This Study Guide has been included to provide immediate feedback about your achievement for the course learning objectives. The correct answer for the test questions and their locations within the text are indicated below.

- 1. Sanitation is defined as the removal of all visible dirt and debris from surfaces, tools, and equipment.**
A) True (Definitions and Standards; Sanitation)
- 2. Pathogenic bacteria are non-disease-causing.**
B) False (Infections and Infestations; Bacteria)
- 3. Staphylococcus bacteria can be found on doorknobs, countertops, and other hard surfaces.**
A) True (Infections and Infestations; Bacteria; Staphylococcus)
- 4. In order to avoid a Mycobacterium fortuitum skin infection, it is safer not to shave or wax the legs for at least 24 hours before a pedicure.**
A) True (Infections and Infestations; Bacteria; Mycobacteria)
- 5. The viruses that most affect humans include herpes, influenza, and human papillomavirus (HPV).**
A) True (Infections and Infestations; Viruses)
- 6. Athlete's foot is also known as tinea unguium.**
B) False (Infections and Infestations; Fungi; Athlete's Foot)
- 7. Lotions and shampoos containing 1% of the pesticide permethrin are the most common treatments for head lice.**
A) True (Infections and Infestations; Parasites; Head Lice)
- 8. In the salon or spa, the most commonly used types of disinfectants are quaternary ammonium compounds (quats), hydrogen peroxide, alcohol, and bleach.**
A) True (Types of Disinfectants)
- 9. The first step to properly cleaning a pedicure unit is to drain the unit and remove debris.**
A) True (Disinfection Methods; Nail Service Safety Procedures)
- 10. With regard to hand hygiene, hands should be scrubbed for no more than 10 seconds.**
B) False (Handwashing Technique)